











Optimizing health worker performance : Reflections and paths forward for digital approaches for supportive supervision

December 14, 2021

<u>WELCOME</u> Please share your name, location & who/what has supported you during this year! Supervision team in complete PPE to one of their supervision visits in a private facility, December 2020.

Thank you, health workers! #ApplauselsNotEnough

Session overview

- Opening remarks
- Moderated discussion
- Q&A
- Closing remarks

Supervisees in Leyte during the enhanced supervision training, December 2019.

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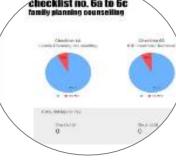
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Philippines digital supervision interventions







I. **Digital supervision checklists for supervisors** on basic emergency obstetric neonatal care (BEmONC) and family planning (FP) using ODK, deployed on Android tablets for use during quarterly external supervision visits.

2. Services quality **data dashboard for supervisors** to facilitate relevant and timely information access and performance feedback to support both supervisors and supervisees, web- and tablet-based.

3. Digital supervision checklists for service providers to conduct facility self-assessments as an internal quality improvement process, to complement quarterly supervision visits.

Aim: To assess the effects of **digital supervision support and facility self-assessment** on supervisor and health worker competency and performance, client satisfaction, data use, and/or health service delivery within an existing functional supervision system.

Research questions

Does digital supervision support and facility self-assessment lead to improved:

I. Health worker competence and satisfaction? 2. Supervisor performance, interaction and satisfaction?

3. Data use?

4. Health service readiness, provision and client satisfaction?(Quality)



Supervision in Leyte, Philippines

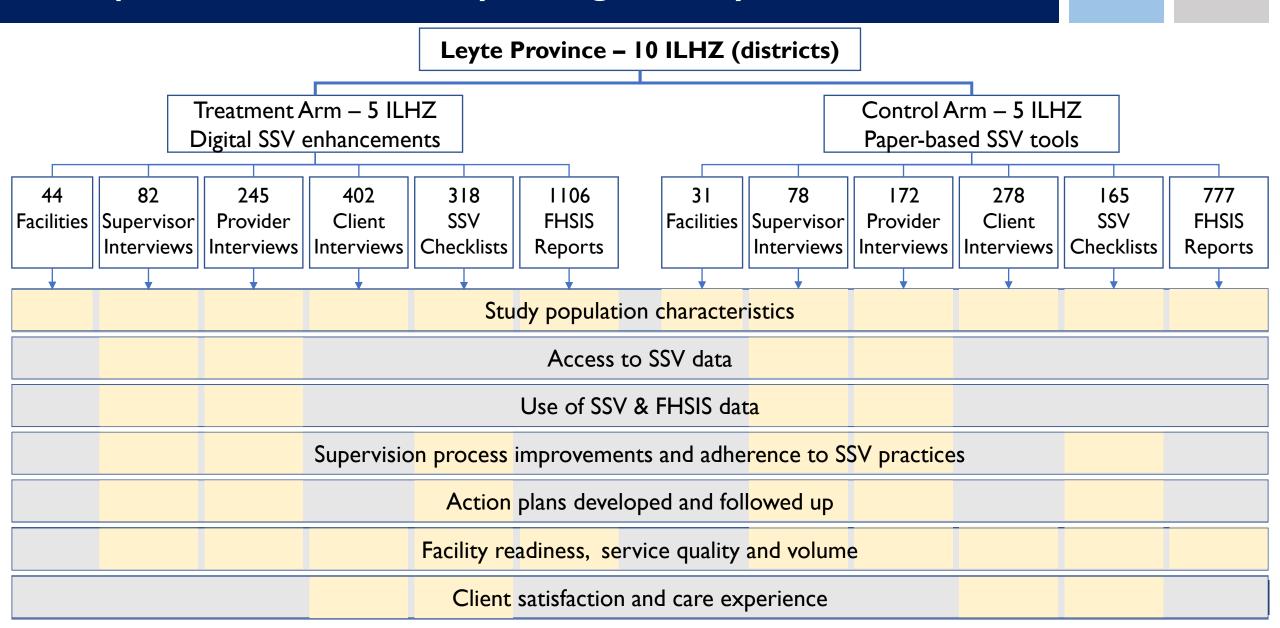
Integrated Local Health Zones (ILHZ)

e.g., Philippines' District Health System

- Consistent quarterly visits to public and private PHC facilities
- Adequate number of service providers and supervisors
- Approved provincial supervision checklists for BEmONC and FP services
- Uneven connectivity and emerging digital infrastructure
- Adequate financing for supervisor transport
- Strong leadership and political will to improve supervision



Group-randomized study design & key outcomes



Study design

Study period	Pre-interventi	on period	Intervention 4 quarters)	Post- intervention period								
			COVID-19 pandemic									
Timeline	Jan 2019- Jan	Jan - Feb	Feb	Oct	March	April						
	2020	2020	2020	2020	2021	2021						
		Baseline		Midline		Endline client,						
		client,		client,		provider, and						
		provider, and		provider,		supervisor						
Milestones		supervisor		and		surveys						
		surveys		supervisor								
				surveys								
	Control and intervention site supervision and FHSIS data (2 years/ 8 qu											

Control group:
5 ILHZ, 32 public and private facilities, 59 staff

- Treatment group:
 5 ILHZ*, 44 public and private facilities, 67 staff
- Focus on basic emergency obstetric and newborn care (BEmONC) and family planning (in private facilities only)



SSV teams continues to conduct supervision visits to different facilities despite COVID-19 pandemic, August 2020.



Scialing Linds





Marina Alvaran



Virtual consultative meetings with the SSV teams and supervisees, July 2020.

HNQIS Dashboard	Period	Health Areas		Location		Facility Type		Score >= 9	0%				
HNOIS	Y Q M Vear	All	\sim	All	\sim	IIA	\sim	All	\sim	psi 于			
1222 - 12	2016		2017	2018		2019		2020	2	2021			
Dustibourd													









Latest Data: October 2021

Country	Total Assessments	Total Assessments 90+	Avg QA Score	Total HFs Assessed	Total HFs with Score >= 90%	HFs with Score >= 90%
Angola	18174	6998	81%	532	457	86%
Benin	6659	4844	90%	281	273	97%
Burundi	380	139	84%	63	47	75%
Cambodia	8202	5444	91%	1008	524	52%
Cameroon	1313	250	73%	312	160	51%
Côte d'Ivoire	227	110	79%	77	49	64%
DRC	4690	895	50%	193	174	90%
El Salvador	8	8	100%	5	5	100%
Ethiopia	60	32	88%	25	18	72%
Ghana	5232	1346	43%	530	469	88%
Guatemala	3	1	88%	3	1	33%
Haiti	373	95	81%	213	80	38%
Kenya	5103	1877	66%	509	374	73%
Total	85350	40792	77%	8430	6254	74%

51

Assessments Conducted

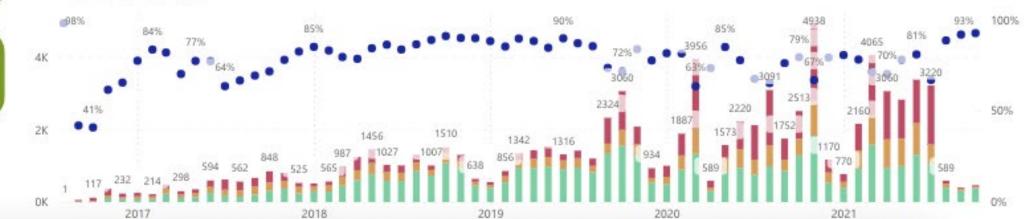
Class .A .B C Avg QA Score

44558 (52%)

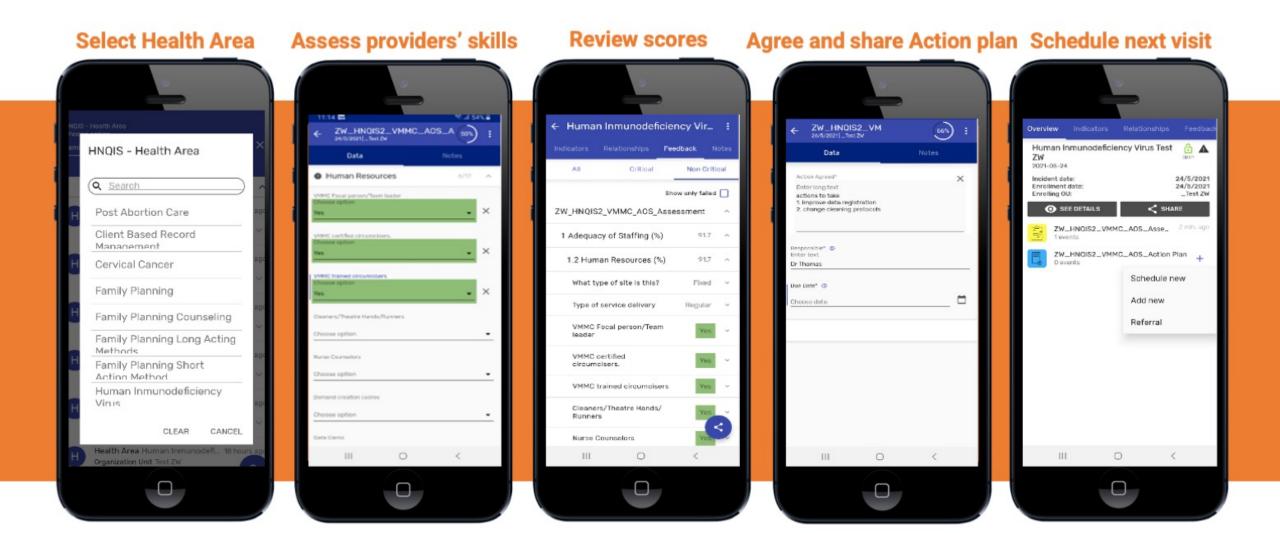
Assessment Score >= 90%

●No ●Yes

40792 (48%)



HNQIS 2.0 Improving quality of health service provision at scale using DHIS:



												_	-														
SM HNQIS Total # of assessments for all health areas, This Year 🖄 🔲 🖬 🕥									\odot	SM	HNQIS	QoC sc	ore (AVG)	by H	ealth Area, T	his Yea 🗹	Þ	≡ ∎	\odot	JL HNQIS IMCI % of P	roviders 🖄			\bigcirc			
SM HNQIS Total # of assessments for all health areas, This Year and Last Year-jp												SM HNQIS QoC score (AVG) by Health Area, This Year and Last Year-jp JL HNQIS IN Sahil Region									JL HNQIS IMCI % of	CI % of Providers in Class A, B, C, This Year and Last Year - JP					
Sahil Region											100										A 90	-100, B 80-89, C Beld	ow 80				
Period / Data	-BS # LARM	SM HNQIS - BS ‡ SAM count	SM HNQIS - IMCI count	SM HNQIS - MNH count	SM HNQIS Health + Center CPHE count	SM HNQIS - HC # PI count	SM HNQIS - HCP # HSS count	SM HNQIS - Regional Hospital CPHE count	SM HNQIS + - RH PI count		S P # To	otal ≑	50				92.3 94 95.8 97.5			8 97.5 82-1-82-3 87.1 90.5			100 33 50	25			
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Total			29	45	16	18	15		8	2	5	138						IMCI.0CS-100- Overall QA Score	,		 hospital fac checklist 		16				
														Metho	ods SM NS BS	SAM.0CS-1 Overall OA S	00-		MNH.0CS-100- Overall QA Score		Overall sce		0 2020		2021		
															QA Score			0 2020 (IL HN	QIS IMCI - CS Score C QIS IMCI - CS Score C QIS IMCI - CS Score C	lass B (%) lass C (%)		_
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JL HNQIS Birth Spacing: Long Acting and Reversible JL HNQIS Health Center - Participation & Health JL HNQIS Health Center - Participation & HNQIS JL HNQIS Health Center - Personnel and Health JL HNQIS Health Center - Programs and Health System Support JL HNQIS JL HNQIS Hught System Support JL HNQIS JL HNQIS Hught System Hught System HNQIS JL HNQIS Hught System Hught System HNQIS JL HNQIS Hught System Hught System HNQIS JL HNQIS Hught System HUGHT System								sion NS I 100- I QA	L HNQIS JL HNG VICI.0CS Overall Scor	QIS 3-100- I QA	LARC a Fac check HN FAC.00	dist JL HNQ QIS Mal.0CS XS-100- Overall			6	2021-01-26 23:22:14.428 2020-11-07	Khalil Hospital Garbaharey	50.0	Nasra	P TI P h	. Does not determine the clients reference for any method 2. here is no MVA kit available. 3. atients are not counselled on ealthy birth spacing . Provider doesn't counsel client	choose their preferred method 2. Patient should be counselled on healthy birth spacing 3. Provision of MVA kits		Ahmed Shuriye			
		100-0	Overall QA Score	HC3.0C3 Overal Sco	II QA	Overall QA Score	Over	Overall QA Score		•	Geore		Over: Sc	all QA :ore	Sco		7	16:25:51.609	Hospital	45.0	Fatuma		n birth spacing 2. Poor client blow up plan	on birth spacing 2. F follow up should be		Shuriye	
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Garbaharey I	lealth Centre	•																2020-03-05				1.	. No MVA kit. 2. Clients not	1. Link clients with the	he birth	Ahmed	

How Can Digital Approaches Strengthen Supportive Supervision?



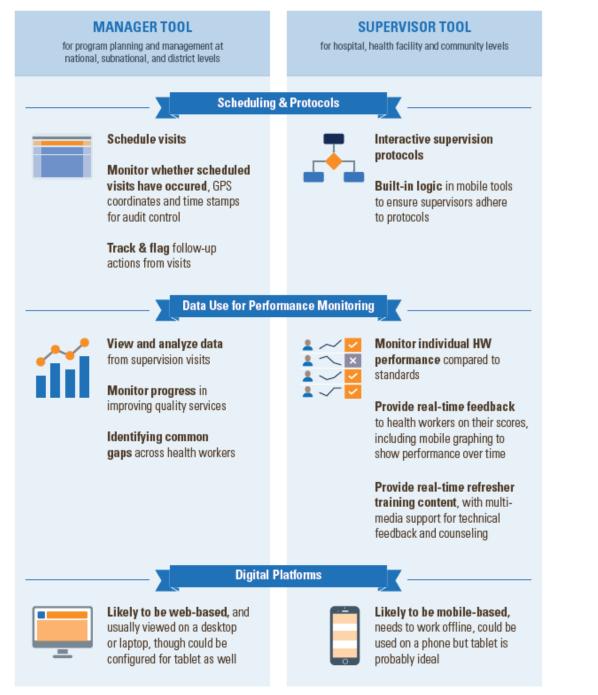
Digital tools can be applied to strengthen SS in assisting:

- Managers in knowing if SS visits are planned, when the visits are held, and what are the main outcomes of the visits
- Supervisors in evaluating service quality, what needs to be improved and what resources are needed
- Health Providers in assessing their own performance, e.g. getting feedback at the time of the supervision





Framework







Supervision team in complete PPE to one of their supervision visits in a private facility, December 2020.

Thank you, health workers! #ApplauselsNotEnough